

<b>Reading Rocket 1</b>	<b>Midterm Exam</b> (Units 1~10)	Name :
		Score : / 100

■ Match the word with its meaning. (2 points)

- |              |   |  |   |  |
|--------------|---|--|---|--|
| 1. continue  | ● |  | ● | skill                                    |
| 2. ability   | ● |  | ● | to not remember something                |
| 3. geography | ● |  | ● | very strange                             |
| 4. forget    | ● |  | ● | to keep doing something                  |
| 5. weird     | ● |  | ● | the study of the earth and its countries |

■ Write the word from the box that best completes each sentence. (2 points)

created      overseas      collect      pinches      chemical

6. The cars are sold both at home and \_\_\_\_\_.
7. My hobby is to \_\_\_\_\_ comic books.
8. There is a \_\_\_\_\_ lab in the school.
9. The scientists disagree about how the universe was \_\_\_\_\_.
10. My sister always \_\_\_\_\_ me and it hurts.

■ Complete the diagram after reading the story. (4points)

(Questions 11-15)

Last Saturday, Brian was busy in the backyard.

“What are you doing, Brian?” Lucy asked. She was curious.

“I’m making some signs to help the squirrels,” Brian said.

“Huh?” “How can signs help squirrels?” Lucy replied.

“People are collecting all the acorns in the forest,” said Brian, “They forget that the squirrels need the acorns over winter. These signs will tell people not to collect all the acorns.”

“Ohhh,” said Lucy. “That’s a good idea, can I help?”

“Sure,” said Brian. “You can work on this sign.”

Lucy read the sign. “SQUIRRELS LIKE ACORNS TOO. PLEASE DON’T MAKE THE SQUIRRELS HUNGRY THIS WINTER,” it said.

Lucy painted the background white and the letters in red.

“Now, let’s go and put them in the forest,” said Brian.

“Yeah!” said Lucy. “No more hungry squirrels!”

<p><b>Problem</b></p>	<p>11. People are _____ all the acorns.</p> <p>12. People _____ that the squirrels need the acorns over winter.</p>
<p><b>Solution</b></p>	<p>13. Make _____ that tell people not to collect all the acorns.</p> <p>14. Lucy and Brian put them in the _____.</p>
<p><b>What will happen?</b></p>	<p>15. No _____ hungry squirrels!</p>

## ■ Read and choose the answers. (4 points)

## (Questions 16-18)

Polina Semionova is a prima ballerina who was born in Moscow in 1984. She has danced in many ballet companies all around the world.

Prima ballerinas are the best female dancers in a ballet company. Polina Semionova is one of the very best. Her graceful style creates the idea of being weightless, because she makes difficult dances look so easy.

Polina Semionova, like all other prima ballerinas, is very thin but really strong. She also has perfect foot arches and knows exactly how to balance while she's on her toes. If Polina loses her balance, she could really hurt herself. She might even break her ankles.

It is not easy to be a prima ballerina. Polina had to work very hard. Some of her ability came naturally, while the rest came with lots of hard work.

16. What is the story about?

- a. Polina is one of the best prima ballerinas.
- b. The ballet is a difficult dance.
- c. Polina is very thin but really strong.
- d. Polina practiced very hard.

17. Why does she seem to be weightless?

- a. She is easy to lose her balance.
- b. She is very strong and perfect.
- c. She makes difficult dances look so easy.
- d. She can break her ankles.

18. What is Not quality of a prima ballerina?

- a. A prima ballerina is slim but strong.
- b. A prima ballerina can balance well on her toes.
- c. A prima ballerina is born only.
- d. A prima ballerina has perfect foot arches.

**(Questions 19-21)**

Before you bring home a pet, think about which pet is best for your family. That way, you can get the right one.

Start by reading about different animals. Next, talk to some friends who already have pets. Ask them about the care and feeding of their pet. You should also think about the following questions:

- How much time can I spend with my pet every day?
- How much space will my pet need?
- How much money will it cost to take care of my pet?

After you make your decision, it is time to get your pet. Look for one with bright eyes and clean fur or scales. Make sure your pet is playful and seems happy. Have fun with your pet!

19. What do you do before you bring home a pet?

- a. You should think about the best pet of your family.
- b. You play fun with different animals.
- c. You talk to some animals in the park.
- d. You check the eyes of the pet.

20. Why do you have to think about time when you choose a pet?

- a. Some pets move slowly.
- b. Some pets need more care.
- c. Some pets have to run.
- d. Some pets eat a lot.

21. Where do you see this reading?

- a. At the zoo
- b. At the pet shop
- c. At the aquarium
- d. At the circus

## (Questions 22-24)

Australia is the sixth largest country on Earth. It is famous for its unusual wildlife. I'm sure you know of kangaroos, koalas, platypuses and wombats, right?

Australia is very big, but there are only 21 million people. A lot of areas in Australia are desert and nobody lives there. Most Australians live on the eastern side of Australia, in the cities of Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne. Other major cities include Adelaide in the south, Darwin in the north, and Perth in the west.

Before European people came to Australia in 1770, it was home to the aboriginal people. The aboriginal people have a special tradition and culture. You may have seen an aboriginal person playing the didgeridoo, or throwing a boomerang.

If you ever go to Australia, you might like to try a meat pie. It is one of Australian people's favorite foods!

22. What is the story about?

- a. The life of cities in Australia.
- b. Aboriginal culture and traditions.
- c. The history of Australia.
- d. Introduction of Australia.

23. What is Not true about the story?

- a. Australia is famous for its unusual wildlife.
- b. European was an aboriginal person.
- c. A lot of people live on the eastern side of Australia.
- d. Aboriginal people played the didgeridoo.

24. What does the underlined word, "it" mean?

- a. Australia
- b. Europe
- c. Darwin
- d. Sydney

**(Questions 25-27)**

Many animals have weird and wonderful defenses, but the bombardier beetle is truly amazing. They are small, so they don't look scary. However, if you pick one up-----watch out!

“Bombardier” is the name for a person who shoots a cannon. Now can you guess why the beetle is called a “bombardier”? When it is afraid or attacked by another animal, two chemicals mix inside of the beetle's body. Then, the chemicals explode out of its tail with a loud sound. “POP!!!” The chemicals smell bad and can kill other insects or small animals. If a person gets hit by the chemicals, they can get a bad rash.

Any animal that wants to eat the bombardier beetle should think twice. You should be careful too. Don't bother the bombardier beetle or it will shoot you with its chemical cannon!

25. Why is the beetle called a “bombardier”?
- It is a small so it doesn't look scary.
  - It shoots chemicals when it attacks by another animal.
  - It throws stones when it attacks by another animal.
  - It shoots a cannon when it attacks by another animal.
26. How does the writer feel about the beetle?
- It is so big.
  - It is very dangerous.
  - It is so cute.
  - It is so natural.
27. What is the correct order?

- Two chemicals mix inside of the beetle's body.
- The chemicals smell bad.
- The chemicals kill other insects.
- Other animals attack the beetle.
- The chemicals explode out of its tail.

- a. A-B-C-D-E
- b. B-C-D-A-E
- c. D-A-E-B-C
- d. D-C-A-B-E

**(Questions 28-30)**

Some people think that Pablo Picasso was the most important artist of the twentieth century. He was originally from Spain, but he lived most of his life in France. Even when he was very young, people could tell that Picasso was a good artist.

Picasso used paper, clay, metal, and wood in his work. However, he is mostly known for his paintings. He often painted people or objects from more than one direction at a time. These pictures sometimes look strange, but **they** are full of feelings. We can feel emptiness, happiness, and pain when we look at Picasso's paintings. His unique style of painting has been a great inspiration to other artists.

Even though some of his art looks very simple, Picasso once said that it took him his whole life to learn to draw like a child again.

28. What is the main idea?

- a. Picasso's paintings
- b. The materials of Picasso's paintings
- c. Picasso's life and work
- d. Picasso's feelings

29. What was Picasso's unique style?

- a. He used various materials such as paper, clay, and metal.
- b. He painted people from many directions at a time.
- c. The pictures look strange.
- d. He drew like a child.

30. What does the underlined word, "they" refer to?

- a. Paintings
- b. People
- c. Pictures
- d. Objects

# Answer Keys

(Units 1~10)

- |              |   |   |  |
|--------------|---|---|--|
| 1. continue  | • | • | skill                                    |
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| 4. forget    | • | • | to keep doing something                  |
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6. overseas      7. collect      8. chemical      9. created      10. pinches

- 11. collecting
- 12. forget
- 13. signs
- 14. forest
- 15. more

- 16. a
- 17. c
- 18. c
- 19. a
- 20. b
- 21. b
- 22. d
- 23. b
- 24. a
- 25. b
- 26. b
- 27. c
- 28. c
- 29. b
- 30. c